

MPF® Traditional Product
Permanent Loan Modifications

January 16, 2024



About this Material

The following material is based upon recently announced information relative to the MPF® Traditional Product Servicing Guide. These materials should not be used in place of the MPF Traditional Product Servicing Guide and the associated MPF announcement(s). The official versions of all MPF Guides and recent announcements are available through www.fhlbmpf.com and AllRegs®.

Please note that PFIs and Servicers are expected to abide by any/all federal or state laws that may apply.

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Changes Ahead

The MPF Traditional (conventional) workout options guidelines now include a permanent loan modification option.

- Chapter 9 of the MPF® Traditional Servicing Guide has been updated.
- The new Chapter 9 can be accessed through a link provided in the November 17th, 2023, announcement (2023-88).
- The revised guidelines in the new Chapter 9 are optional beginning on **January 3**, and become mandatory on **March 1**.
- A recorded webinar that provides an overview of the upcoming changes is available on the MPF Program website.





Permanent Loan Modification Overview



Permanent Loan Modifications

Permanent loan modifications may be an option for borrowers who are not eligible for a payment deferral plan or may be facing a permanent hardship.

- Permanent modification must be considered when a borrower is experiencing a permanent hardship caused by a long-term decrease in income or increase in expenses.
- Temporary loan modifications will no longer be available after March 1, 2024, except for servicers of MPF Traditional loans owned by FHLB San Francisco*
- After March 1st, extensions to existing temporary modifications* will no longer be granted.
- If a borrower is currently in a temporary modification and cannot afford to go back to their regular payment, they should be considered for a permanent modification*.



*Servicers of MPF Traditional loans owned by FHLBSF are limited to only temporary modifications and may not offer a permanent loan modification.



Permanent Loan Modifications

Servicers are responsible for evaluating the borrower for a permanent loan modification

Prior approval from the MPF Bank is not required, unless:

- ✓ An exception to the guidelines is being requested, or
- ✓ The new maturity date for the modified loan exceeds the initial maturity date by more than 20 years.



General Two-Step Process

Step One

- Servicers determine the modified payment by following the steps provided in Section 9.2.4.6.2
- Borrowers must successfully complete a 3 or 4-month Trial Period Plan* before the modification becomes permanent.

Step Two

 Once the Trial Period Plan is successfully completed, the documentation related to the permanent modification plan must be submitted to the MPF Default Team via eMAQCS®plus.

*See Section 9.2.4.8 for guidance on determining whether to complete a 3 or 4-month trial period.



Eligibility



Eligibility

To be eligible for a permanent loan modification, the following criteria must be met:

- The loan must be and remain in first lien position.
- The property may not be vacant or condemned.
- The loan must be at least 60 days delinquent or determined to be in imminent default.
- The loan must have been originated at least 12 months prior to the modification evaluation date and not considered an Early Payment Default (EPD).
- The loan may not have received a previous permanent modification.
 - A payment deferral does not count as a mortgage loan modification.





Eligibility (continued)

- If a borrower failed a loan modification trial period plan in the past, at least 12 months must have passed before another loan modification evaluation can begin.
 - Converting to a forbearance plan from a trial period plan is not considered to be a failed trial period plan.
- The loan must not have received a temporary loan modification that became 60 days or more delinquent within the first 12 months of the modification's effective date without being reinstated.
- Not be serviced by one of the following:
 - ✓ One Mortgage Partners, LLC Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates MPF® Shared Funding Program Series 2003-1 Trust
 - ✓ One Mortgage Partners, LLC Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates MPF[®] Shared Funding Program Series 2003-2 Trust





Eligibility (continued)

The loan must not be subject to:

- A current offer for another mortgage loan modification or other workout option
- An approved liquidation workout option
- An active and performing repayment plan
- An active and performing modification trial period plan
- A recourse or indemnification arrangement under which the MPF Bank purchased or that was imposed by the MPF Bank after the mortgage loan was purchased



Imminent Default Eligibility Criteria

The initial eligibility requirements must be met plus:

The borrower must meet either the **credit** *or* the **hardship** eligibility criteria outlined in Chapter 9.

Credit Criteria:

A credit score of less than or equal to 620 and either:

- Two or more 30-day late payments on the loan in the six months immediately preceding the evaluation or;
- A pre-modification housing expense ratio (HTI) greater than 40%*

Hardship Criteria:

- Death of a borrower or death of a primary or secondary wage earner.
- Long-term or permanent disability, serious illness of a borrower, coborrower or dependent family member
- · Divorce or legal separation
- Separation of borrowers unrelated to marriage



^{*}See 9.2.4.4.1.1 for details on how to calculate the housing expense-to-income (HTI) ratio.

Imminent Default Eligibility Criteria (continued)

The initial eligibility requirements must be met plus:

- The loan is current or less than 60 days delinquent as of the evaluation date.
- The property is occupied as a primary residence by at least one borrower.
- The borrower must submit a complete Workout Request Package (WRP) and Workout Request Application (WRA)
 - The WRA (or equivalent) must provide evidence that the borrower's non-retirement cash reserves are less than \$25,000.
 - The borrower has a provided a documented hardship on the WRA (or equivalent).





Determining the Modification Terms



Before You Begin

Verify that the loan is not falling out on the Turnaround Report (TAR) and that your **Monthly Remittance Report (SG300)** reflects the correct loan level data (including UPB).

Loan level discrepancies must be resolved prior to completing a permanent loan modification.

See The MPF Traditional Servicing Guide, Section 2.14.1 (Monthly Accounting Reports).





Current Property Value

The servicer must obtain a property valuation, which must not be more than 90 days old at the time the servicer evaluates the borrower for the modification.

One of the following must be used:

- An exterior broker's price opinion (BPO)
- An appraisal
- A third-party AVM
- The servicer's own internal AVM, provided that the servicer is subject to supervision by a federal regulatory agency, and the servicer's primary federal regulatory agency has reviewed the model.





Determining the MTMLTV

To determine the borrower's new modified mortgage loan terms, the servicer must determine the post-modification mark-to-market loan-to-value ("MTMLTV") ratio

Unpaid principal balance
Capitalized arrearages
Eligible advances
Third party fees



Current Value of the Property = MTMLTV



Steps for Determining the New Loan Terms

To determine the borrower's new modified loan terms, the following steps must be completed in order, unless prohibited by applicable law.

- 1. Capitalize Arrearages
- 2. Set the Modification Interest Rate
- 3. Extend the loan term
- 4. Forebear principal (based upon MTMLTV)
- 5. Forbear principal (based upon P&I reduction)
- 6. Forbear principal (when less than 90 days past due)





Step 1: Capitalize Arrearages

The following are considered acceptable arrearages or capitalization:

Accrued Interest

 From the month after the last paid installment date through the month before the effective date of the modification

Out of pocket escrow advances to third parties

- Must have been paid prior to the effective date of the modification
- Escrow shortages are not capitalized

Servicing advances paid to third parties in the ordinary course of business and not retained by the servicer

 Must have been paid prior to the effective date of the modification, if allowed by state law

Any outstanding non-interest-bearing balance

- Must be from a previously completed modification or
- A previously completed payment deferral (including prior COVID 19 deferrals)

Late charges **may not** be capitalized and must be waived if the borrower successfully completes the Trial Period Plan.



Step 2: Set the Modification Interest Rate

Set the modification interest rate to a fixed rate based on the following:

Use the interest rate in effect for the borrower's payment due in the month the evaluation is taking place

- If the **post-modification MTMLTV** is less than 80%, the modified interest rate is the borrower's contractual interest rate.
- If the post-modification MTMLTV is greater than or equal to 80%, the modified interest rate is the lesser of:
 - the MPF Traditional Modification Interest Rate (See Exhibit EE), or
 - the borrower's contractual interest rate

Note: The interest rate used to determine the final modification terms must be the same rate used to determine eligibility for the Trial Period Plan and calculating the Trial Period Plan Payment.



Step 3: Extend the Loan Term

Extend the term 480 months from the loan modification effective date*

- Any loan modification that extends the maturity date by more than 20 years from original maturity date requires MPF Bank approval prior to offering the option to the borrower.
- If the property is a leasehold estate, the term of the lease must extend at least 5 years beyond the loan maturity date. If that is not the case, the lease must be renegotiated to satisfy this requirement.





^{*}The effective date is the first payment after the trial plan.

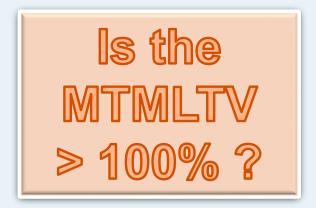
Step 4: Forbear Principal

If the MTMLTV ratio is greater than 100%, forbear principal by the lesser of:

- An amount that equals a post modification MTMLTV ratio of 100% (using the interest-bearing UPB), or
- 30% of the gross post-modification UPB of the mortgage loan.

Interest must not accrue on any principal forbearance.

Any principal forbearance is payable either when the loan modification matures or the property is sold, refinanced, or transferred (whichever is earlier).





Step 5: Continue to Forbear Principal

Provide or increase principal forbearance until a 20% P&I payment reduction is achieved; however, the servicer must not forbear more than:

- An amount that would create a post-modification MTMLTV ratio less than 80% using the interest-bearing UPB, or
- 30% of the gross post modification UPB of the mortgage loan

20% P&I reductions aren't always guaranteed, as they may be limited by the above noted requirements.

Has the P&I payment been reduced by 20%?



Step 6: Forbear More Principal (if this applies)

If the mortgage loan is less than 90 days past due when the borrower submitted a complete WRP, continue to forbear principal until a 40% Housing Expense-to-Income Ratio (HTI) is achieved; however, the servicer must not forbear more than:

- An amount that would create a post-trial plan MTMLTV ratio of less than 80% or;
- 30% of the gross post modification UPB of the mortgage loan

Was the loan less than 90 days past due when the borrower submitted their WRP?



Escrows

- If a borrower waives escrows, an escrow account for taxes and insurance must be established prior to the beginning of the trial period plan.
 - If applicable law prohibits the establishment of an escrow account, the servicer must ensure that the T&I premiums are paid to date.
- Analyze any existing escrow account to estimate the periodic escrow deposit required to
 ensure adequate funds are available to pay future bills, including any T&I payments that may
 come due during the trial period.
- If a shortage is identified, it must be spread out in equal payments over a period of **60 months** unless the borrower agrees to pay the escrow shortage amount in a lump sum, or over a shorter period (not less than 12 months).



Trial Period Plan



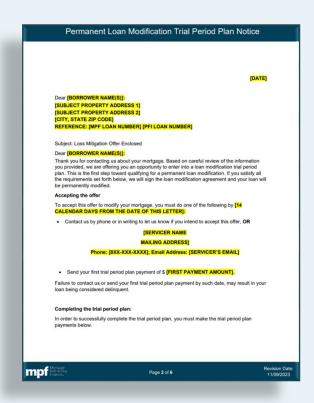
Offering a Trial Period Plan

Borrowers must successfully complete a three-month Trial Period Plan before a Permanent Loan Modification Plan can be granted

- Servicers must utilize the Permanent Loan Modification Trial Period Plan Notice (Form SG358) or the equivalent, making any changes to comply with applicable law.
- Form SG358 represents the minimum level of information that the servicer must communicate to the borrower to comply with the MPF Program requirements.
- If all eligibility requirements for the Loan Modification Plan are met, the servicer does not need to obtain approval from the MPF Provider prior to providing the borrower with **Form SG358**.
 - Any exceptions to the Loan Modification Plan requirements related to eligibility must be submitted via eMAQCSplus for approval prior to communicating the terms of the plan to the borrower.



Trial Period Plan Notice SG358



Permanent Loan Modification Trial Period Plan Notice Trial Period Plan Payment **Amount Due** SECOND *If you submit your first trial period plan payment by [14 CALENDAR DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THIS LETTER], follow this schedule for your second and third trial period plan payments only. We must receive each trial period plan payment in the month in which it is due. If we do not receive a trial period payment by the last day of the month in which it is due, this offer is revoked and we may refer your mortgage to foreclosure. If your mortgage has already been referred to foreclosure, foreclosure related expenses may have been incurred, foreclosure proceedings may continue, and a foreclosure sale may occur. Permanent Modification: Your modified terms will take effect only after: You have signed and submitted your loan modification agreement (which we will send you near the completion of the trial period plan): . We have signed the loan modification agreement and returned a copy to you upon completion of the trial period plan: AND . The modification effective date set forth in the loan modification agreement has occurred. LOAN MODIFICATION TERMS The table below compares your current mortgage terms to the estimated modified terms. **Current Terms Modification Terms** Payment* Interest Rate Term **Maturity Date** Deferred Principal** *Payment includes principal, interest, and escrow payment, if applicable. For more information on the estimated modification payment amount, review the Additional Information below. **For more information on deferred principal, review the Additional Information below. Page 3 of 6



Trial Period Plan Timing

Trial Period start dates vary depending upon when Form SG358 was sent to the borrower

If Form SG358 is sent on or before the 15th calendar day of the month:

- Use the first day of the following month as the first Trial Period Plan payment due date.
- Example: If Form SG358 was sent on April 7th, the first payment due date is May 1st.

If Form SG358 is sent after the 15th calendar day of the month:

- The first Trial Period Plan payment is due one month later:
- Example: If Form SG358 was sent on April 21st, the first payment due date is June 1st.



Trial Period Plan Length

The length of the Trial Period Plan must not change even if the borrower makes scheduled payments earlier than required. The trial period must be:

- Four months long if at the time of evaluation, the mortgage loan is current or less than 31 days delinquent, or
- Three months long if at the time of evaluation, the mortgage loan is 31 or more days delinquent.

If the borrower fails to make a Trial Period Plan payment by the last day of the month in which it is due, the borrower is considered to have failed the Trial Period Plan. **The servicer must not grant the borrower a permanent loan modification.**



Reporting Requirements

During the trial plan, the loan must continue to report modified loans on the Delinquent Mortgage and Bankruptcy Status Report (Exhibit B)

- **Exhibit B** must be uploaded into eMAQCS®plus by the 5th business day of each month.
- Use Action Code 12
- Use Delinquency Status Code BF during the Trial Period Plan, and 28 after successful completion
 of the Trail Period Plan payment period.
 - After the trial period has been reported as successfully completed, the loan no longer needs to be reported (unless future delinquencies occur).
- Loss Mitigation Type: Use Modification
 - Include the Loss Mitigation Approval Date and Loss Mitigation Estimated or Actual Completion Date as applicable.



Completing a Permanent Loan Modification



Steps for Determining the New Loan Terms

To determine the borrower's new modified loan terms after the trial plan, use the Loan Modification Worksheet (Form SG357)

- The Form SG357 walks through the steps for calculating the permanent modification terms.
- The steps for determining the modified loan terms are similar to the steps used for the trial period.
- Servicers are strongly encouraged to use Form SG357 (or its equivalent, to determine the loan modification terms.
- Servicers should submit this worksheet with the Workout Worksheet (Form SG354).





Permanent Loan Modification Worksheet (SG357)

Data (Continued)	Servicer Must	Breakdown Amounts (if \$0, input \$0)
UPB & LPI Pre-Trail	Enter the pre-trail UPB	(If \$0, Input \$0)
Trail Payments Made/Contractual Payments Applied	Enter the principal portion of contractual payments applied during trail	
JPB & LPI After Trail is Completed	Enter the post-trail UPB	
Add Interest Arrearages Delinquent Interest)	Enter the interest portion of the P&I payment from the month after the last paid installment date through the month before the effective date.	
Subtract Borrower Contribution/Suspense	Enter any borrower contribution or suspense amounts as a negative amount	
Add Out-of-Pocket escrow advances to third parties	Enter any escrow advances the PFI made to third parties made on behalf of the borrower while the loan was delinquent through the month prior to the effective date of the modification	
Add Servicing Advances paid to hird parties (as applicable)	Enter any Servicing advances paid to third parties in the ordinary course of business and not retained by the Servicer made on behalf of the borrower while the loan was delinquent through the month prior to the effective date of the modification	
Add Outstanding non-interest bearing balance from a previously completed loss mitigation option (as applicable)	Enter any outstanding non- interest bearing balance from a previously completed loss mitigation option. These are frequently prior COVID-19 Deferrals, include deferred escrow amounts.	
Total Capitalized Balance Prior to Forbearance	Add the amounts from the prior 6 fields together, starting with the Post Trail UPB through the Servicing Advances Paid to Third Parties to achieve the Capitalized Balance Prior to any Forbearance Amounts.	

Data (Continued)	Servicer Must	Breakdown Amounts (if \$0, input \$0)
Total Capitalized Balance Prior to Forbearance	Add the amounts from the prior 6 fields together, starting with the Post Trail UPB through the Servicing Advances Paid to Third Parties to achieve the Capitalized Balance Prior to any Forbearance Amounts.	(ii au, iiiput au)
Subtract any principal forborne as result of post-modification MTMLTV ratio being greater than 100% (as applicable)	Enter the amount forborne that is the lesser of: • An amount that would create a post-modification MTMLTV ratio of 100% using the interest – bearing UPB of the mortgage loan	
Subtract any principal forborne as a result of trying to achieve a 20% P&I payment reduction (as applicable)	Enter as a negative amount Enter an Amount that does not forbear more than: • An amount that would create a post-modification MTMLTV ratio less than 80% balance, or 30% of the gross post- modification UPB of the mortgage loan	
Subtract any principal forborne as a result of trying to achieve a 40% HTI (as applicable)	Enter as a negative amount Enter an Amount that does not forbear more than: An amount that would create a post-modification MTMLTV ratio less than 80% balance, or 30% of the gross post- modification UPB of the mortgage loan Enter as a negative amount	
Total Forbearance Amount	Add the Principal Forborne as a result of Post-Mod MTMLTV over 100%, the Principal Forborne as a result of Post- Mod MTMLTV over 80% and the principal forborne to get the Total Forbearance Amount after modification	
Total Capitalized Balance Less Forbearance	Subtract the total forbearance amount in the above field from the Total Capitalized Balance Prior to Forbearance to get the Total capitalized balance after modification	



Calculating the Post-Trial Plan UPB

When the trial period payments received are sufficient to equal a borrower's past due contractual monthly payment, the contractual payment must be applied

Apply the funds to the borrower's past due contractual payment (s)

Bring the last paid installment date forward to reflect the application of the payment

Any leftover trial payment funds should be subtracted from the capitalized arrearages



Preparing the Loan Modification Agreement

- Fannie Mae Form 3179 should be utilized.
- The form should be completed early enough in the Trial Period Plan to allow for sufficient processing time.
- Processing time is crucial, especially when the modification is effective the month immediately following the Trial Period plan.

	LOAN MODIFICATION AGREEMENT (Providing for Fixed Interest Rate)					
	,					
	This Loan Modification Agreement ("Agreement"), made this day of,,					
between	m ("Borrower") and er"), amends and supplements (1) the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument")					
Jaico _	of the Records of					
	(Name of Records)					
	and (2) the Note, bearing the same date as, and secured by, the					
C	(County and State, or other Jurisdiction) y Instrument, which covers the real and personal property described in the Security Instrument and defined					
	as the "Property" located at					
	as the "Property", located at					
therein	(Property Address)					
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herein he real notwit	(Property Address) property described being set forth as follows: In consideration of the mutual promises and agreements exchanged, the parties hereto agree as follows hattanding anything to the contrary contained in the Note or Security Instrument): As of					



Preparing the Loan Modification Agreement

Servicers may opt to have the Loan Modification Agreement become effective on the first day of the second month following completion of the Trial Period Plan

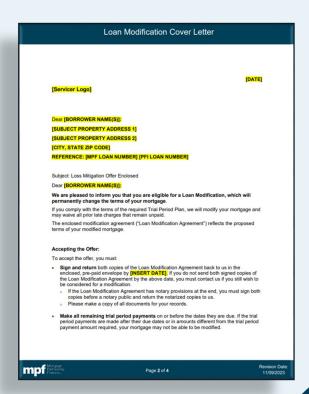
- If choosing to do this, the servicer must apply equal treatment to all borrowers.
- If the servicer elects this option, borrowers are not required to make an additional Trial Period Plan payment during the "interim month"
 - The "interim month" refers to the month between the final Trial Period Plan month and the effective date of the permanent loan modification.
 - For example, if the last trial period plan payment was March 1, the borrower is not required to make a
 payment in April. Their first payment due on the permanent loan modification is May 1.



Preparing the Loan Modification Agreement (continued)

After the receipt of all trial payments and calculation of the final modification terms, the Permanent Loan Modification Cover Letter (Form SG359) or an equivalent form, must be used to communicate the borrower's eligibility for a permanent loan modification.

Form SG359 should be sent along with Form 3179





Executing the Loan Modification Agreement

The modified mortgage must retain first lien position and be fully enforceable

- The same borrower(s) signing the modification should match those on the original Note unless there was an eligible transfer that was exempt from the due-on-sale clause.
- Ensure that all real estate taxes and assessments are current and there are no liens that have priority over the modified loan.
- If the loan modification is recorded, obtain a title endorsement or similar title insurance product.
- If the current loan is covered by mortgage insurance, obtain approval from the MI company (and/or SMI company if applicable).





Delivering the Loan Modification Agreement

A fully executed original Loan Modification Agreement must be sent to the MPF Program Custodian within 25 days of receipt from the borrower

- If recording is required:
 - Send a certified copy of the fully executed Loan Modification Agreement to the MPF Program Custodian within 25 days of receipt from the borrower.
 - Once received from the recorder's office, send the original Loan Modification Agreement to the MPF Program Custodian within 5 business days.
- If the Loan Modification Agreement does not require recording, the servicer must send the fully executed original Loan Modification Agreement to the document custodian within 25 days of receipt from the borrower.



Submitting to the MPF Provider

- Servicers do not need to obtain prior approval, however once the modification has been completed and Form 3179 has been executed, the servicer must submit the updated Workout Worksheet (SG354) and all supporting documentation to EMAQCS®plus.
- The updated SG354 must be used, no alternative or equivalent forms will be accepted.

Workout Worksheet				
Section 1: PFI/Servicer Informati	ion			
PFI Number:	Servicer Name:			
MPF Loan Number:				
	Borrower Name.			
Property Address:				
Section 2: Workout Information				
Workout Option Requested (sele Section 3.	ect one) – All options do require additional documentation out	tlined in		
other exception. Exception of	sion of this form is only required if: forbearance exceeds 12 m details are required in Section 4)			
	on of this form is only required if: repayment plan exceeds 12 on details are required in Section 4)	months		
Payment Deferral (Submissi				
Permanent Loan Modification Submission of this form is re	on (NOT for Servicers of loans owned by FHLB San Francequired)	cisco -		
Temporary Loan Modification Submission of this form is re	on (ONLY for Servicers of loans owned by FHLB San Fra equired)	ncisco -		
Short Sale (Submission of the Sale (Submission of t				
Deed-in-Lieu of Foreclosure	e (Submission of this form is required)			
Servicer attests to the following				
are required in below section				
	Request Package was verified to be accurate based on borrow repancy details are required in below section)	ver		
Mortgage Insurance:				
Loan has Mortgage Insurand MI Company:	ce and workout is acceptable to MI Company			
Loan does not have Mortgag	ge Insurance			
Bankruptcy:				
Court	nkruptcy and the proposed workout has been approved by Bi	ankruptcy		
Loan is not subject to active				
Payment Deferral / Permanent I If repayment of an identified escre Servicer attests the borrower has Yes No	ow shortage is being spread over a term of less than 60 month	hs,		
Servicer attests the Payment De	eferral was accepted by the Borrower(s):			
Yes No No				
Mortgage Partnership Finance	Page 3 of 5	Revision 01/03/		



Documentation



Required Documentation

After the Trial Period Plan has been successfully completed, the following information should be completed in/or uploaded into eMAQCS®plus*

- A completed NEW Workout Worksheet (Form SG354)
- Loan Modification Cover Letter (Form SG359)
- Permanent Loan Modification Trial Period Plan Notice (Form SG358)
- Permanent Loan Modification Worksheet (Form SG357)
- A fully executed Loan Modification Agreement (Fannie Mae Form 3179)
- A payment history starting from the last paid installment to current date
- An escrow history starting from the last paid installment to current date (supporting documentation for any escrow amounts included in the capitalized balance)
- An escrow analysis as of the workout effective date (supporting documentation for any escrow shortage)
- An eligible property valuation to support the MTMLTV ratio calculation

*The above noted required documentation is listed in Section 3 of Form SG354 Workout Worksheet.

The MPF Default Team or your MPF Bank may request additional information.



Required Documentation FAQs

- The Workout Request Application (WRA) Form SG-355, Loan Modification Cover Letter Form SG-359, Trial Plan Notice Form SG-358 and Loan Modification Worksheet Form SG-357 contain the minimum amount of information required.
- Loan Modification Interest Rate-Exhibit EE contains the interest rate required to be used when determining new modified mortgage loan terms.
- Submission of the SG-354 Workout Worksheet along with all attachments is required upon completion of the loan modification. **No alternative or equivalent forms will be accepted.**
- Form 3179 is a required form, only changes permitted by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac are allowed.
- If a loan is less than 90 days delinquent a WRP is required. If a loan is more than 90 days delinquent a WRP is not required. The WRP, all required supporting documentation and the above required documents must be permanently retained in the loan file.
- From January 3, 2024, through March 1, 2024, the updated Workout Worksheet SG-354 is identified in eMAQCS®plus as SG-354 New Workout Worksheet (NEW).



Reporting Requirements



Reporting Requirements

After a mortgage loan modification is executed and the Form SG-354 has been submitted via eMAQCS®plus, the servicer must adjust the mortgage loan as noted below:

- Loan level reporting should be updated to reflect the capitalized UPB and new first payment date.
- The borrower's payment amount must be revised to reflect the new modified payment.
- If the borrower makes a payment prior to the modification effective date (first payment date), the funds should not be applied to the capitalized UPB used for the payment calculation. The early payment should be applied as the first payment of the permanent modification.
 - If the payment received is less than the amount due, it may be held in suspense until the full payment amount is received.
 - If the payment is more than the amount due, the remaining amount may be applied as a principal curtailment.



MPF Program Information

MPF Service Center

• Phone: 877-345-2673

Email: MPF-Help@FHLBC.com

Hours: 8:30 am to 4:30 pm CST

Assistance is also available via the MPF Program Customer Service Portal

MPF Program Default Team

mpfdefaultservicing@fhlbc.com

MPF National Education

mpftraining@fhlbc.com



